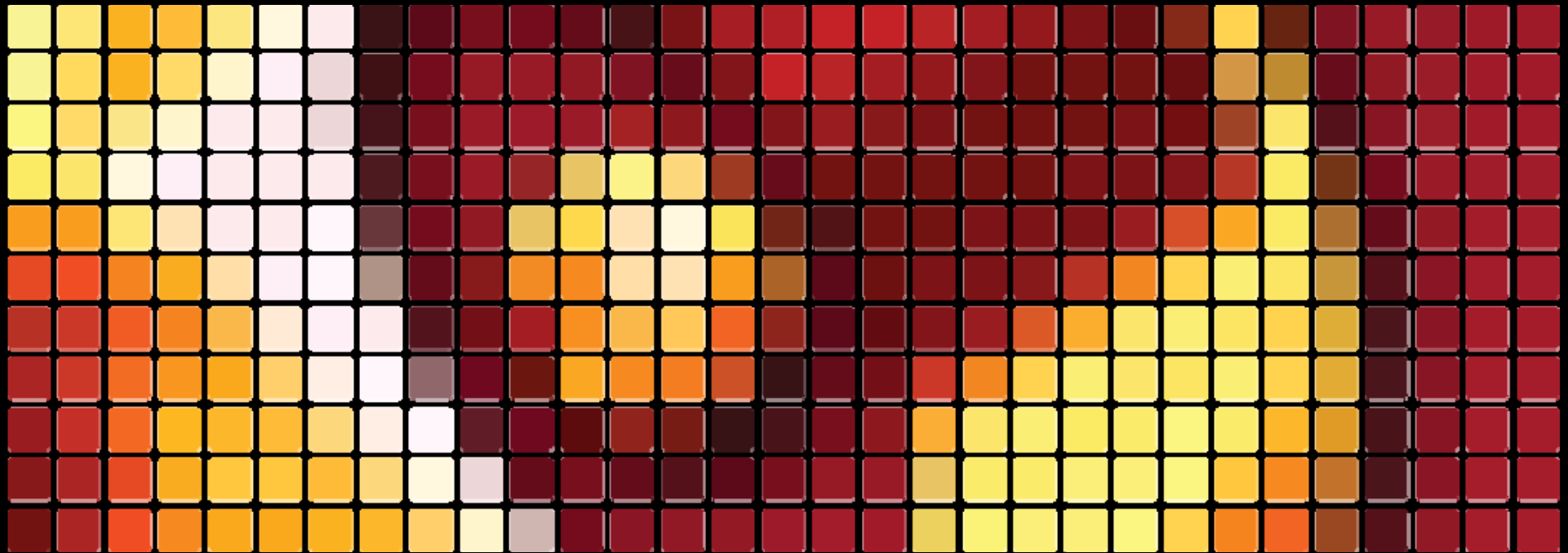




## Integration of Model-Based Diagnosis Techniques into the Product Development Chain

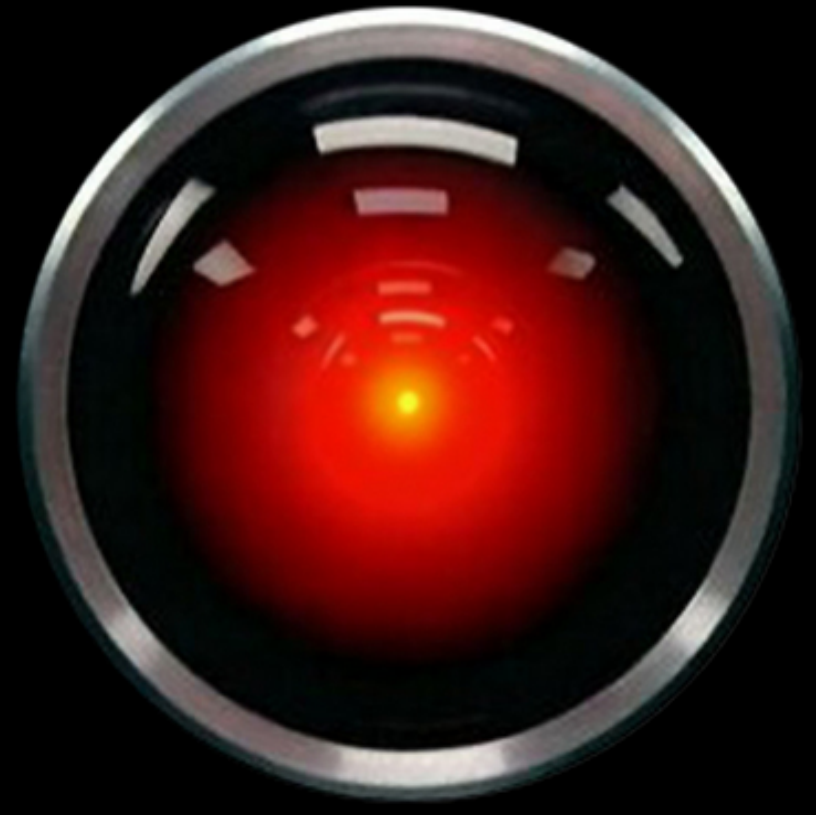


*Peter Bunus,*

*Uptime Solutions AB, Sweden*

*[peter.bunus@uptimeworld.com](mailto:peter.bunus@uptimeworld.com)*

# The Diagnostics Problem



**“Well HAL, I’m damned if I can find anything wrong with it.”**

**“Yes. It’s puzzling, isn’t it.”**

*-- 2001: A Space Odyssey*

# Houston We Have a Problem



02 07 55 19 LMP Okay, Houston - -

02 07 55 20 CDR I believe we've had a problem here.

02 07 55 28 CC This is Houston. Say again, please.

02 07 55 35 CDR Houston, we've had a problem. We've had a MAIN B BUS UNDERVOLT.

02 07 55 42 CC Roger. MAIN B UNDERVOLT.

02 07 55 58 CC Okay, stand by, 13. We're looking at it.

02 07 56 10 LMP Okay. Right now, Houston, the voltage is - is looking good. And we had a pretty large bang associated with the CAUTION AND WARNING there. And as I recall, MAIN B was the one that had had an amp spike on it once before.

02 07 56 40 CC Roger, Fred.

02 07 56 54 LMP In the interim here, we're starting to go ahead and button up the tunnel again.

02 07 57 01 CC Roger.

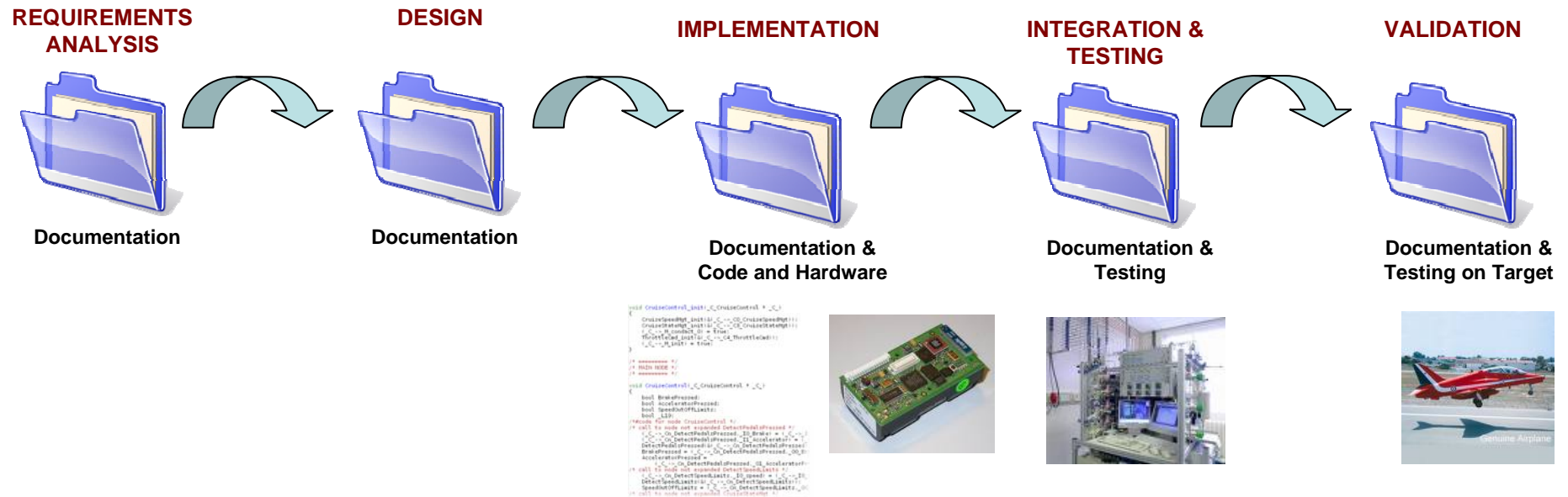
02 07 57 04 LMP Yes. That jolt must have rocked the sensor on - see now - O<sub>2</sub> QUANTITY 2. It - was oscillating down around 20 to 60 percent. Now it's full-scale high again.

02 07 57 22 CC Roger.

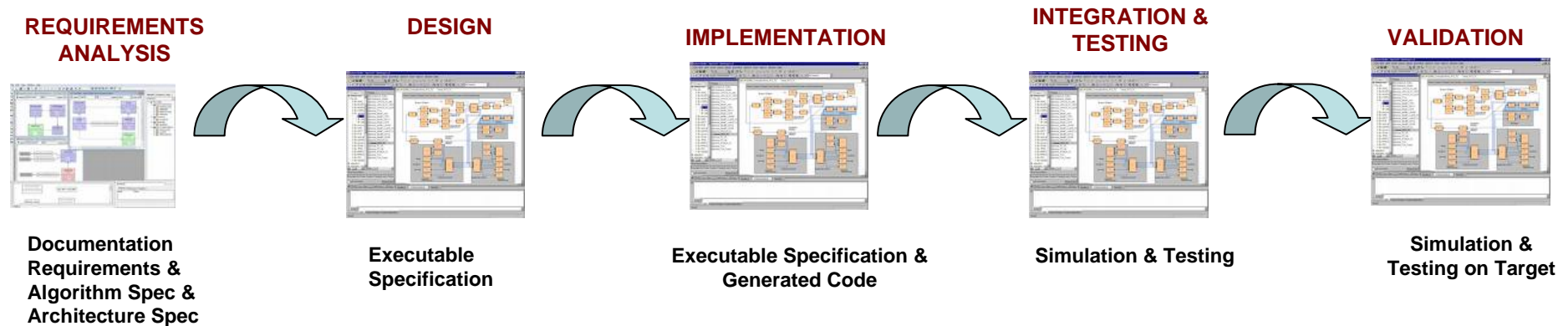
# Traditional Design Flow

## ■ Traditional Design Flow

- Characterized by a sequential flow, iteration is expensive
- Manual code development, paper intensive, error prone, resistant to change
- Projects get complex to manage by the end of integration process



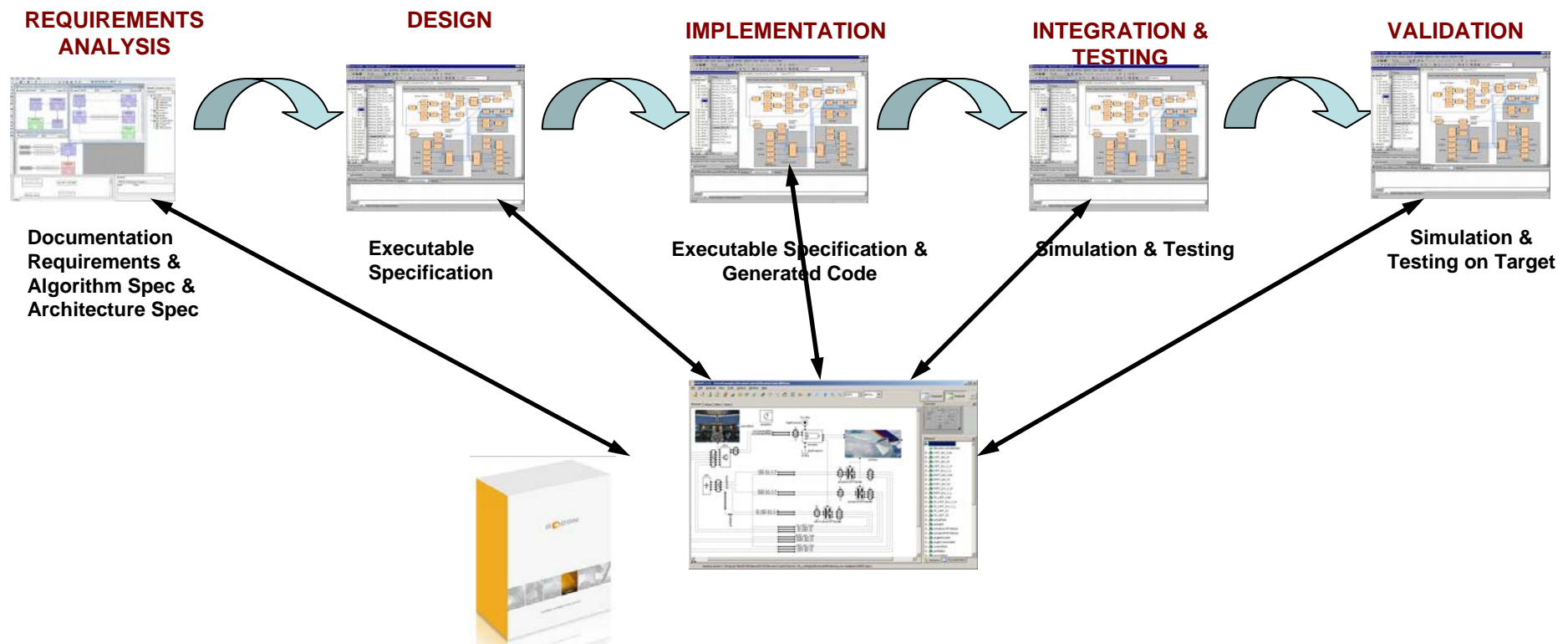
# Model-Based Design



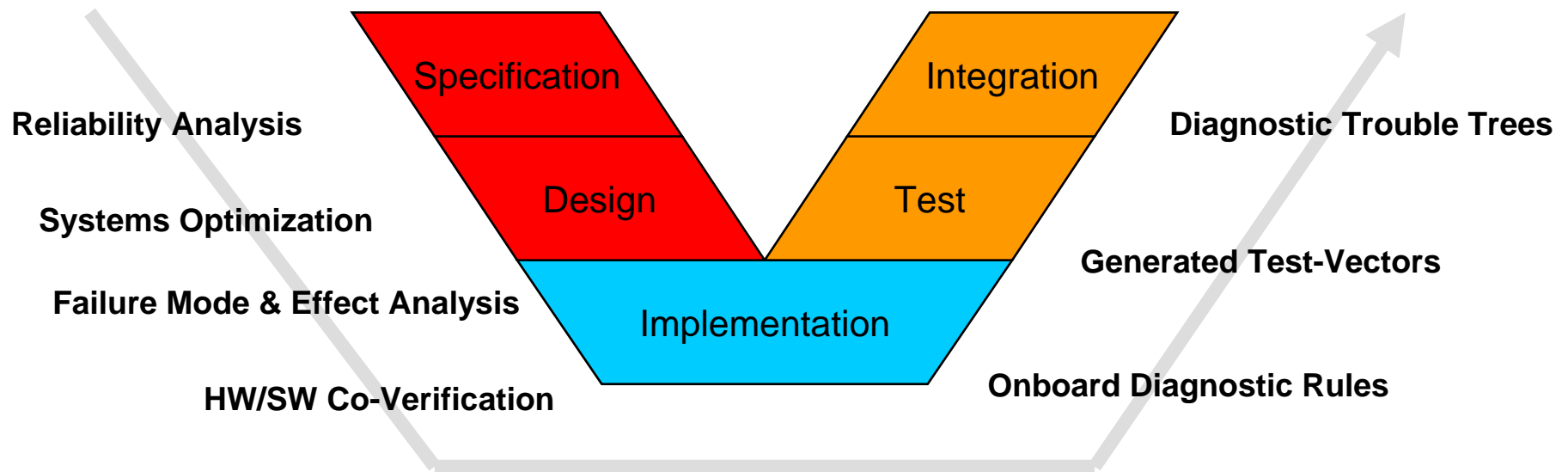
## ■ Model-Based Design Flow

- Build explicit architectures of predictable systems
- Go seamlessly from abstraction to realizations
- Capitalize on V& activities early and all along the development flow

# Model Driven Development Process



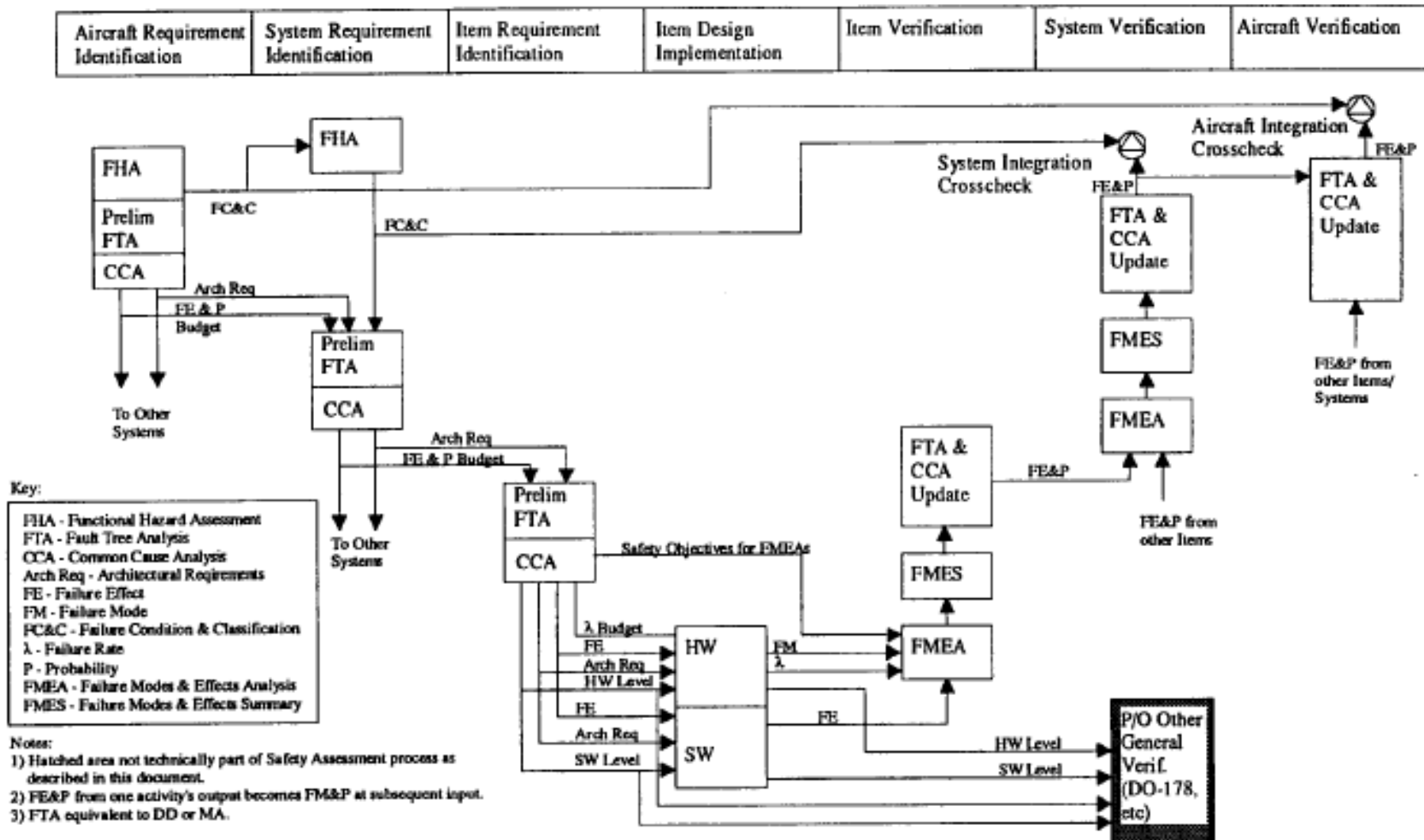
# Value of Failure Mode Modeling for the Life Cycle



- Adds value throughout the development cycle
- Executable specification fosters collaboration between departments and organizations
- Provides the missing link between development & service community

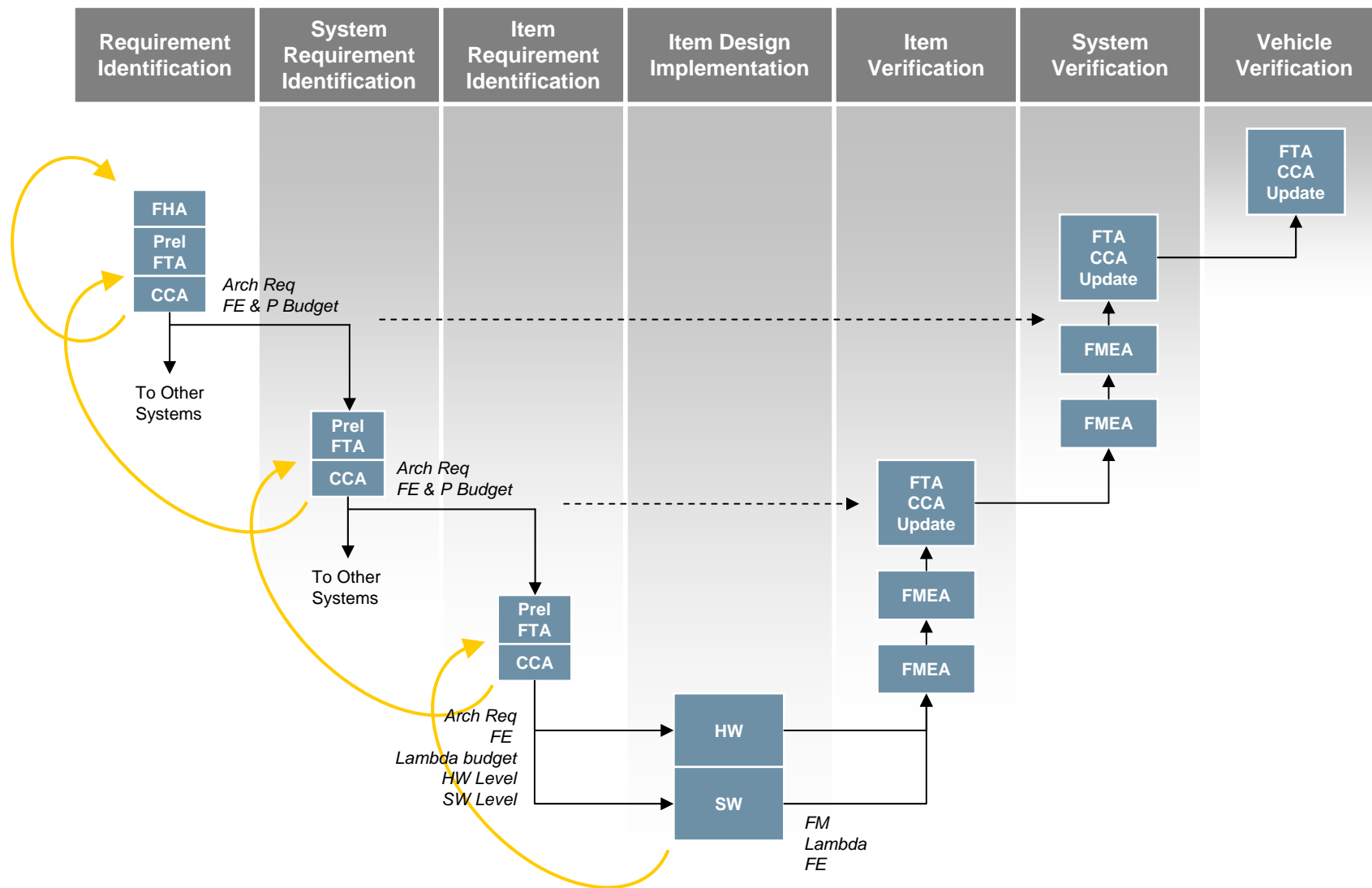


# ARP 4761 Safety Assessment Diagram

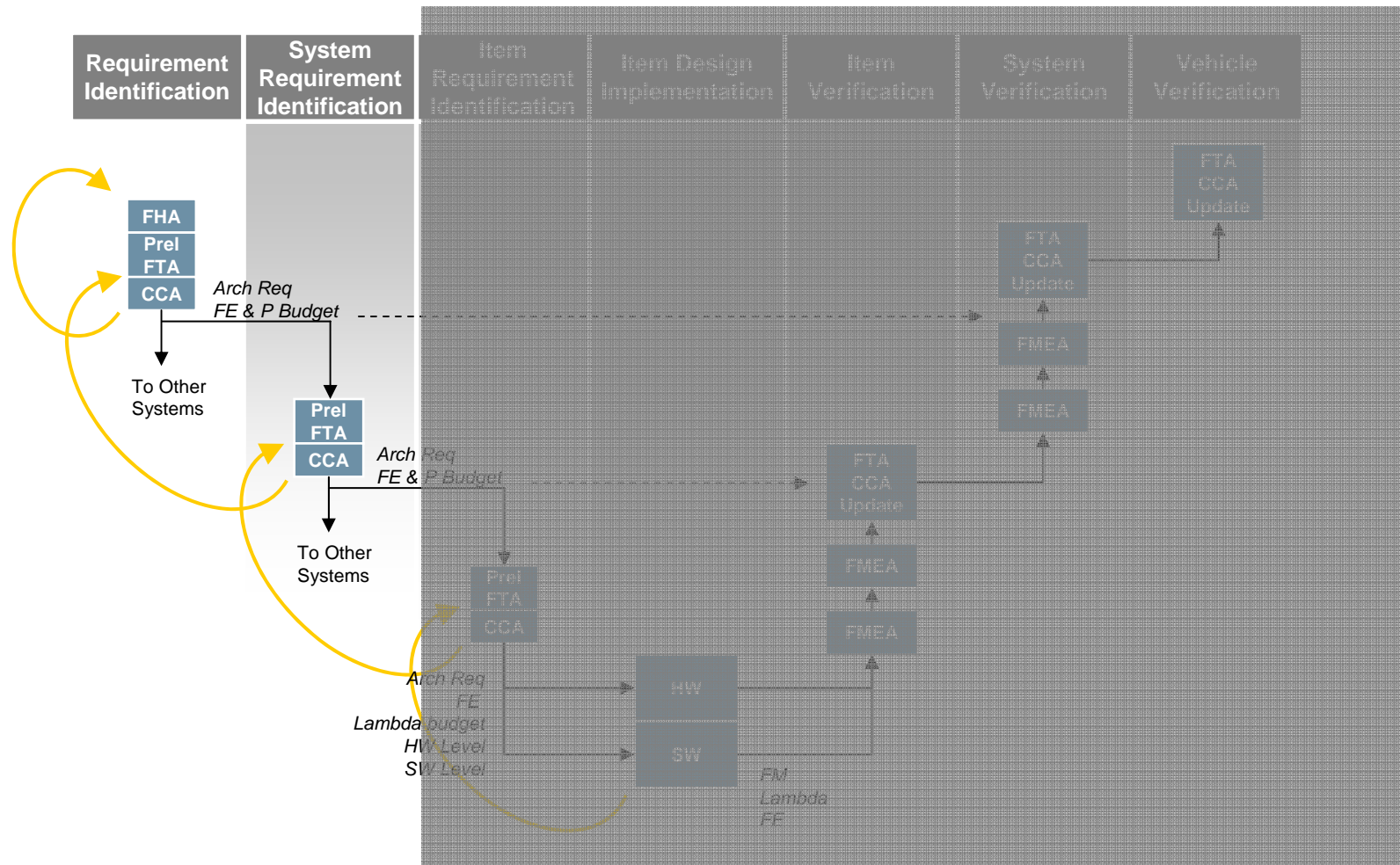




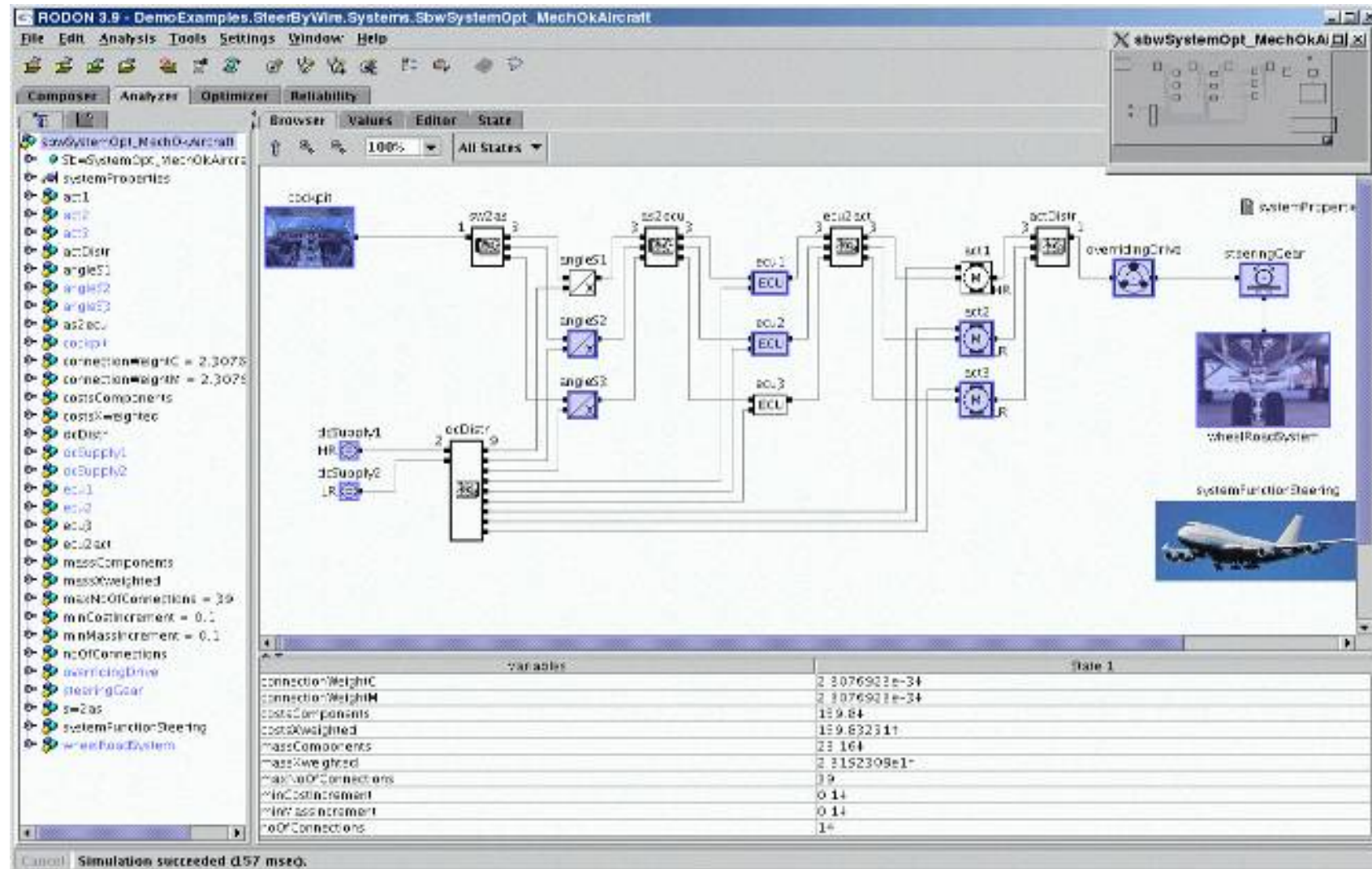
# ARP 4761 Safety Assessment Diagram



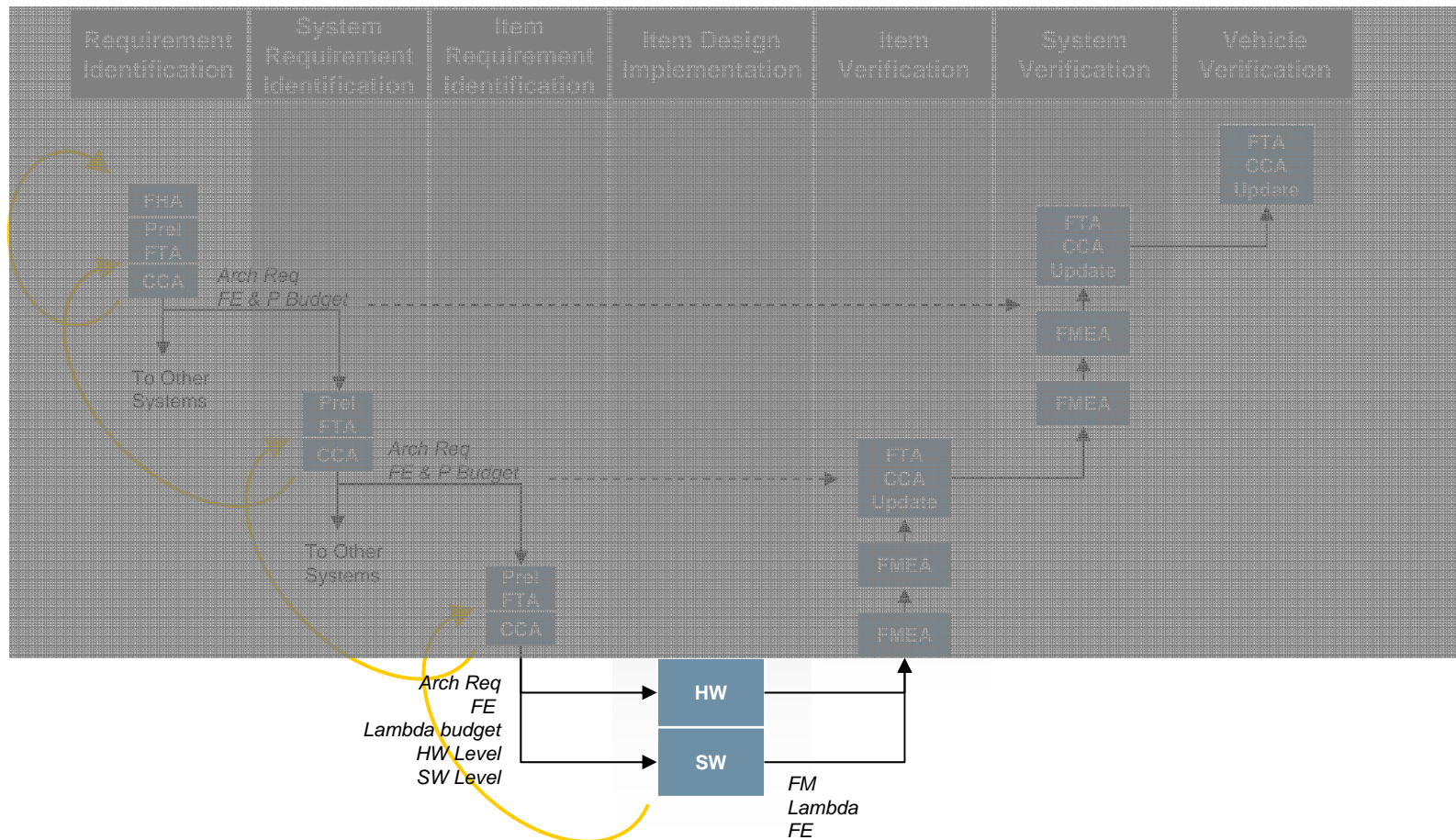
# Requirements Identification Stage



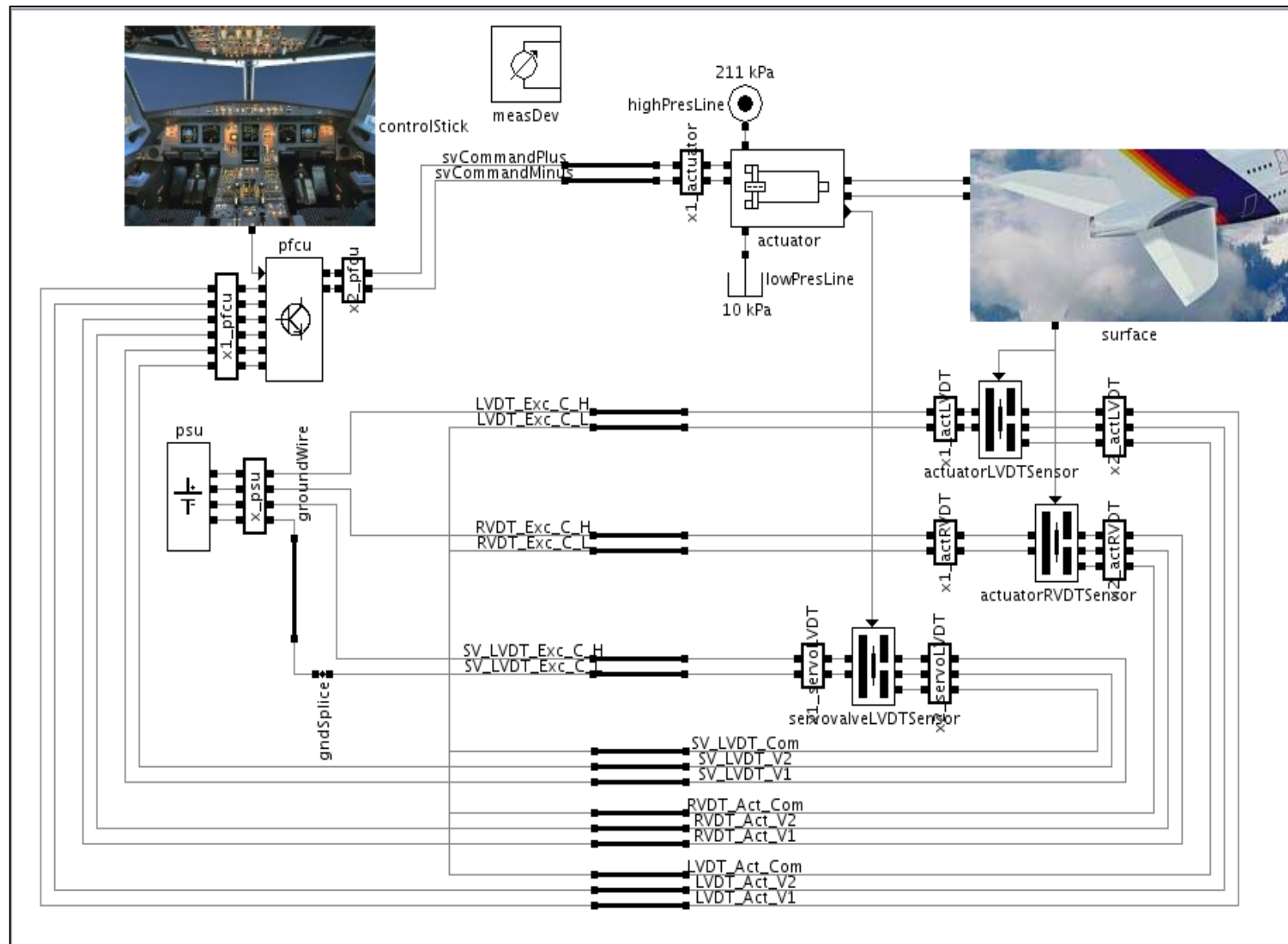
# Models for Quality Insurance



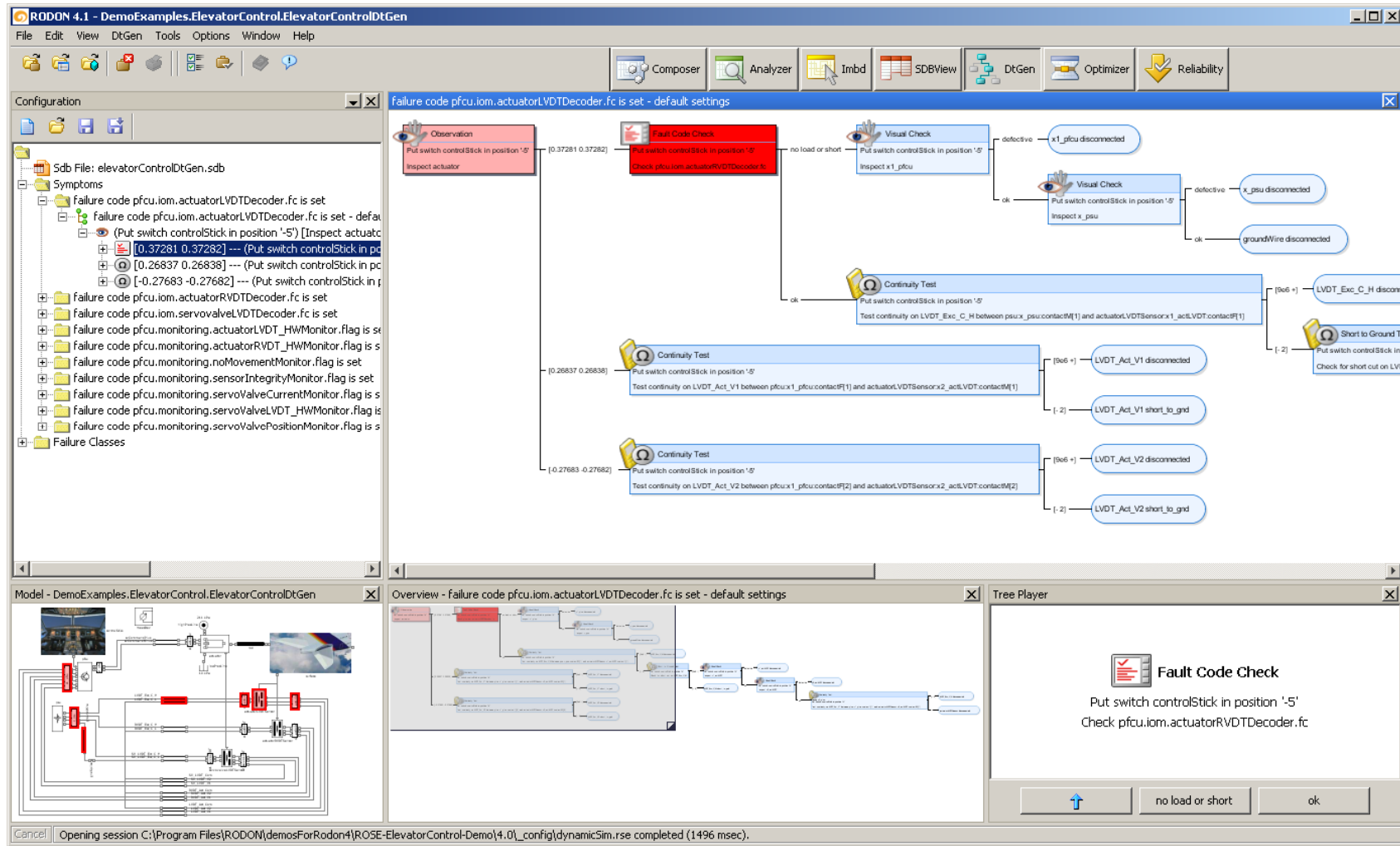
# Item Design Implementation Stage



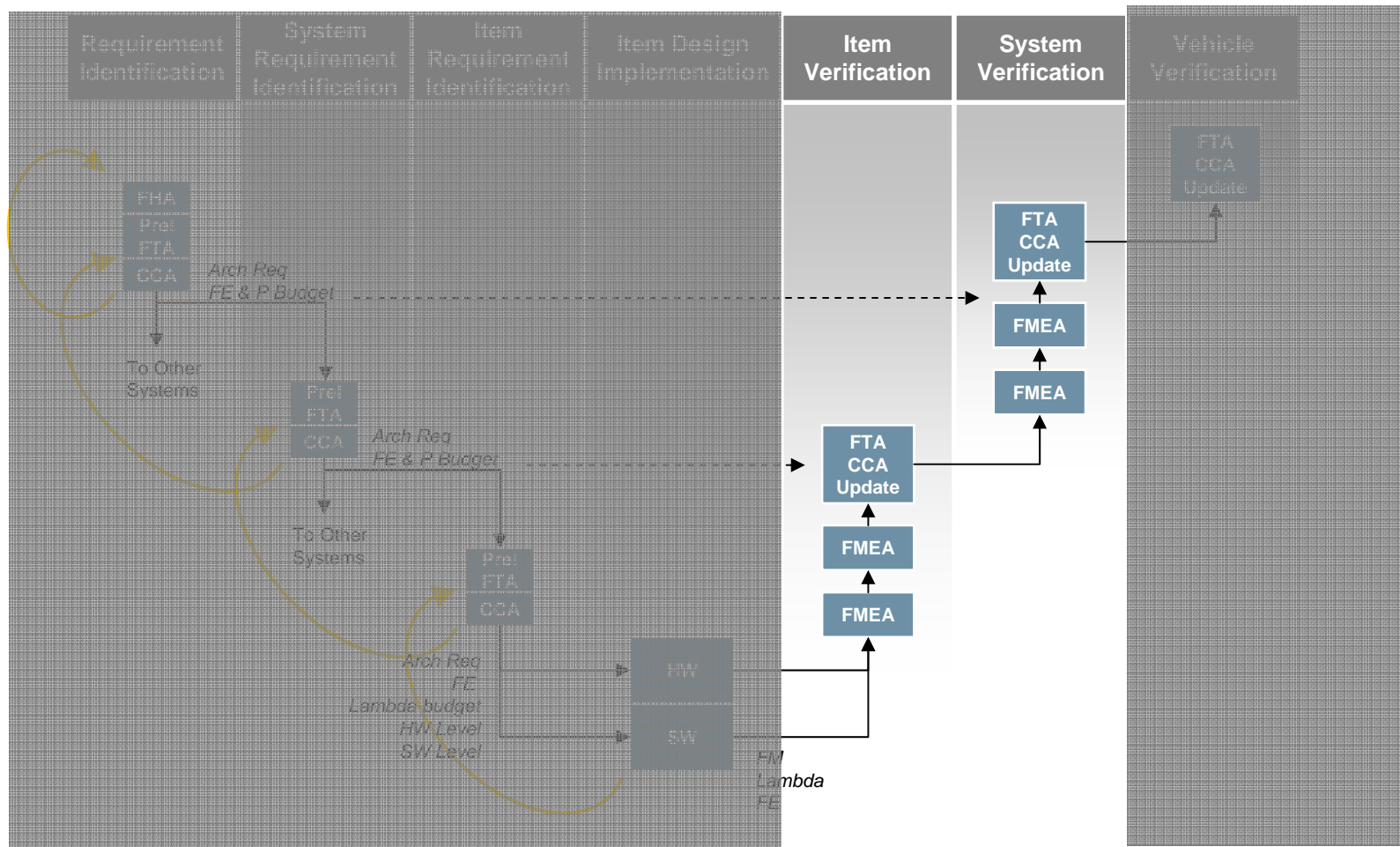
# Electronic Elevator Control System



# Diagnostics Results – Decision Trees

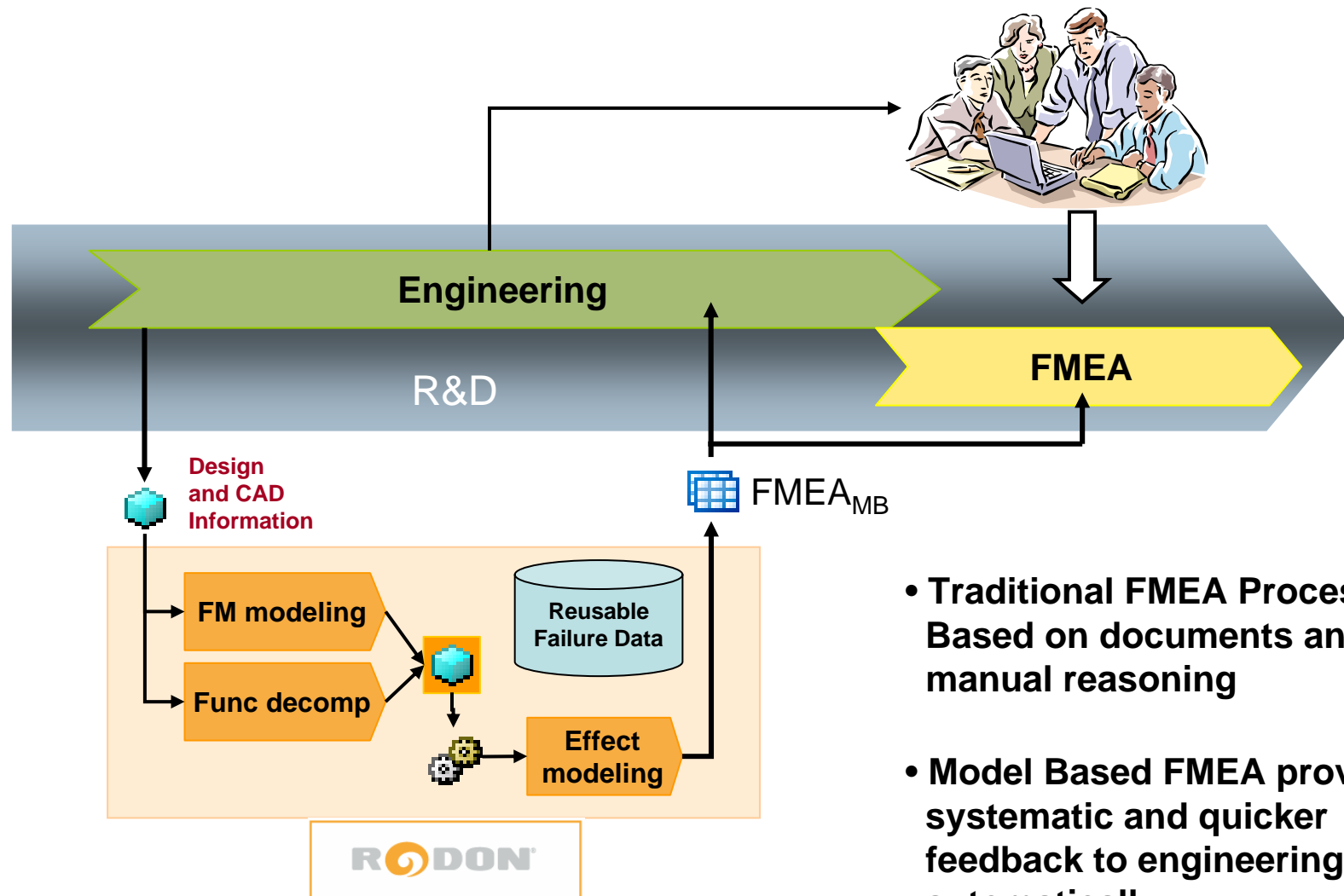


# Item & System Verification Stage





# The FMEA Process



# Tutorial Demo Model and Generated FMEA

RODON 4.0 - SmokeDetectionSystem.SdSystem

File Edit Analysis View Tools Options Window Help

Composer Analyzer imbd SDBView DtGen Optimizer Reliability

Browser: SdSystem Values Editor State

Overview

Instance

- SdSystem
- alarmReset
- area1
- area2

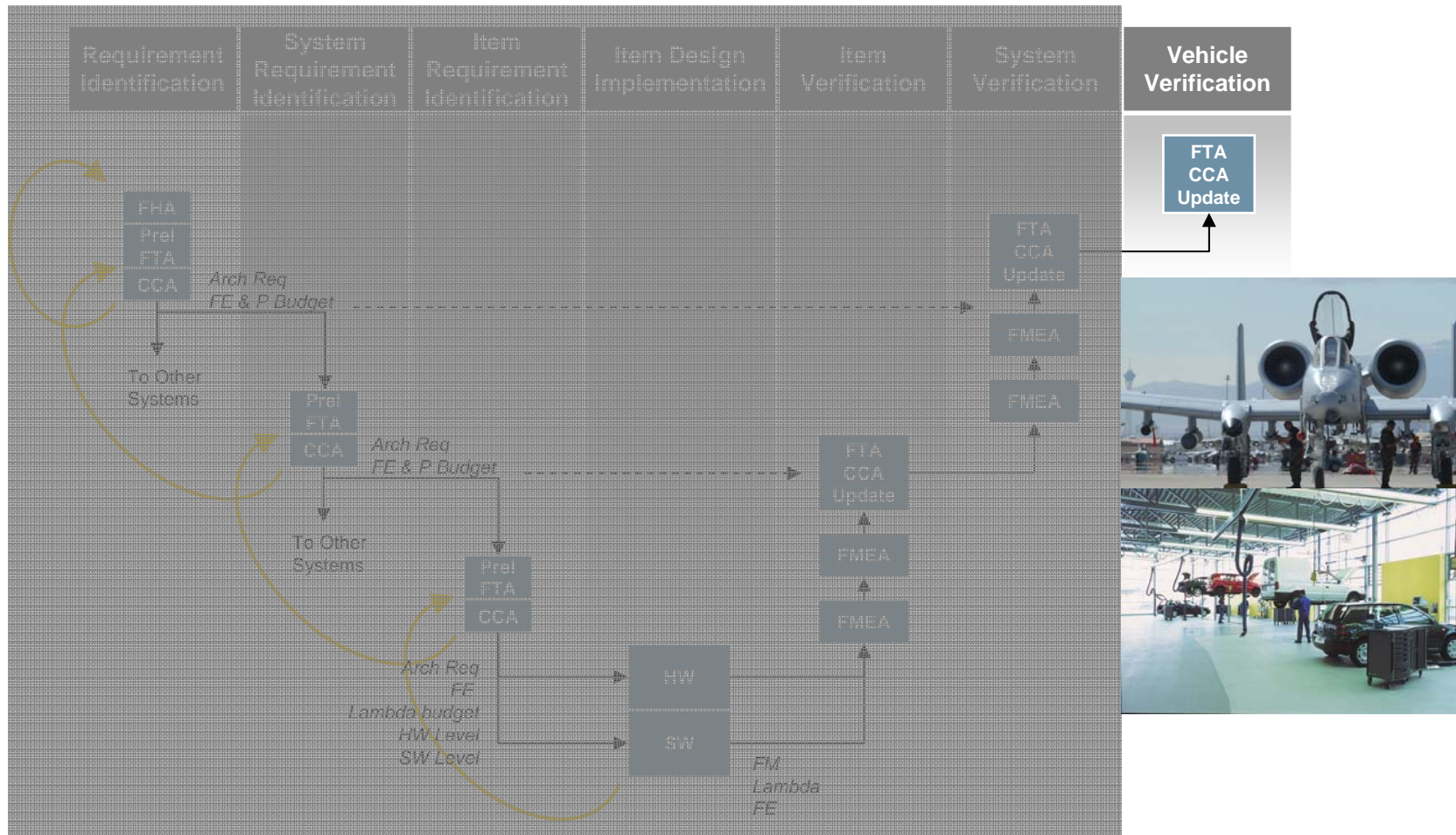
Table Properties

os: all fs: all FMEA (SDS) sdb-data/sm

No.	Item	Failure Mode	Failure Effects	Recognition of Failure
	area1.sd.bulb	dark	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Failure indication during test
	area1.sd.bulb	dimmed	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Hidden failure during operation
	area1.sd.bulb	dimmed	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Hidden failure during operation
	area1.sd.bulb	dimmed	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Hidden failure during test
	area1.sd.controllerInterface	driver_is_disconnected	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Failure indication during operation
	area1.sd.controllerInterface	increased_frequency	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Failure indication during test
	area1.sd.controllerInterface	increased_frequency	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Failure indication during test
	area1.sd.controllerInterface	not_terminated	Smoke in area2 but no alarm	Failure indication during operation
	area1.sd.controllerInterface	not_terminated	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Failure indication during operation
	area1.sd.controllerInterface	not_terminated	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Failure indication during test
	area1.sd.controllerInterface	output_delayed	Smoke in area2 but no alarm	Failure indication during operation
	area1.sd.controllerInterface	output_delayed	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Failure indication during test
	area1.sd.photocell	insensitive	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Failure indication during test
	area1.sd.photocell	insensitive	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Hidden failure during operation
	area1.sd.photocell	sensitivity_diminished	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Hidden failure during operation
	area1.sd.photocell	sensitivity_diminished	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Hidden failure during test
	area1.sd.testSpray	blocked	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Failure indication during test
	area1.sd.transparentArea	contaminated	Smoke in area2 but no alarm	Hidden failure during operation
	area1.sd.transparentArea	contaminated	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Hidden failure during operation
	area1.sd.transparentArea	opaque	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Hidden failure during test
	area1.sd.transparentArea	opaque	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Failure indication during test
	area1.sdPlug	pinA_corroded	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Hidden failure during operation
	area1.sdPlug	pinA_corroded	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Failure indication during operation
	area1.sdPlug	pinCanL_corroded	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Failure indication during test
	area1.sdPlug	pinCanL_corroded	Smoke alarm is different from ok-case	Failure indication during operation
	area1.sdPlug	pinCanL_corroded	Smoke in area1 but no alarm	Failure indication during test
	area1.sdPlug	pinCanL_corroded	Smoke in area2 but no alarm	Failure indication during test

Opening model SmokeDetectionSystem.SdSystem completed (1274 variables, 1872 constraints, 1.3 sec).

# Vehicle Verification Stage

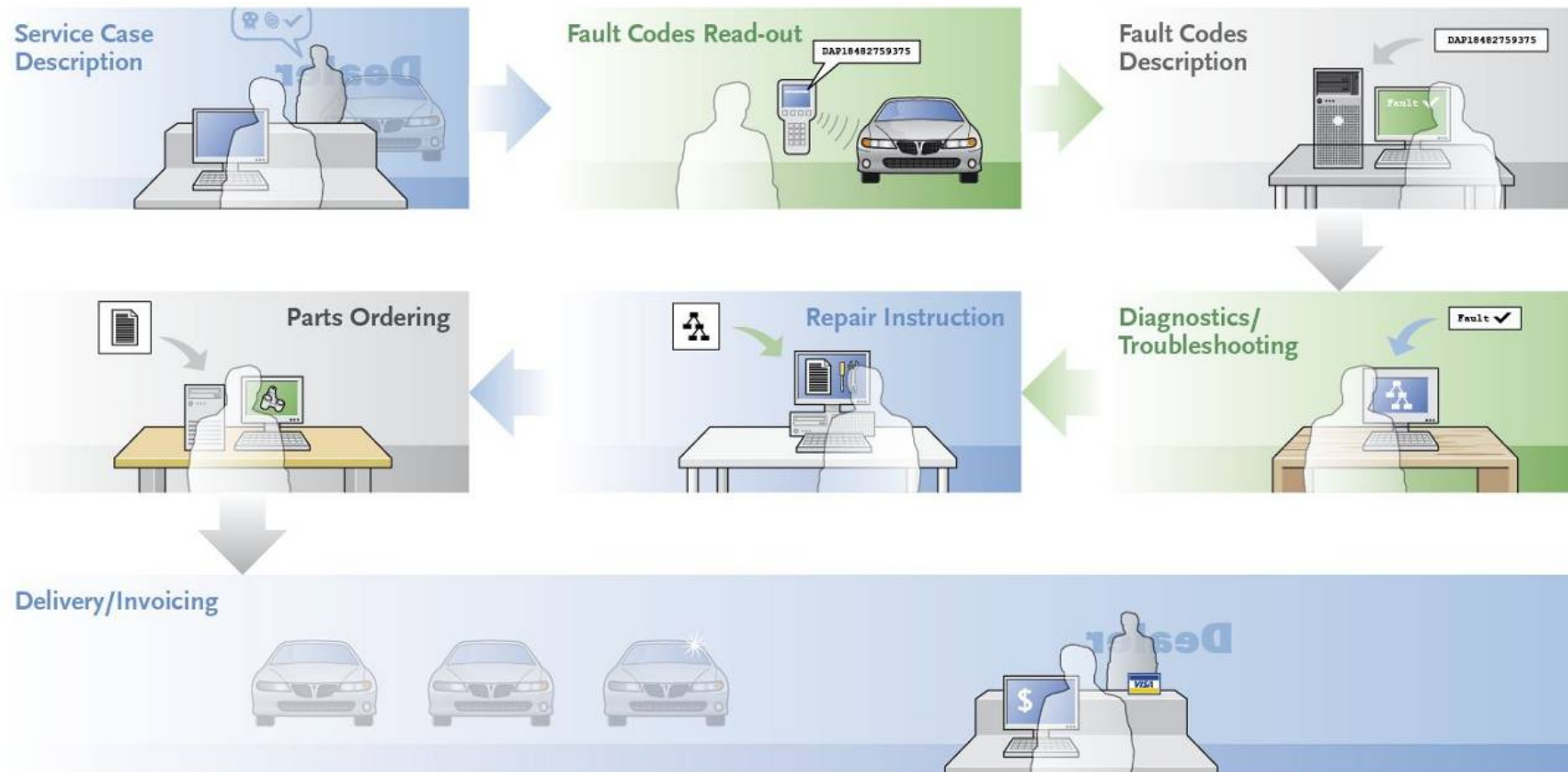


# The Diagnosis Problem

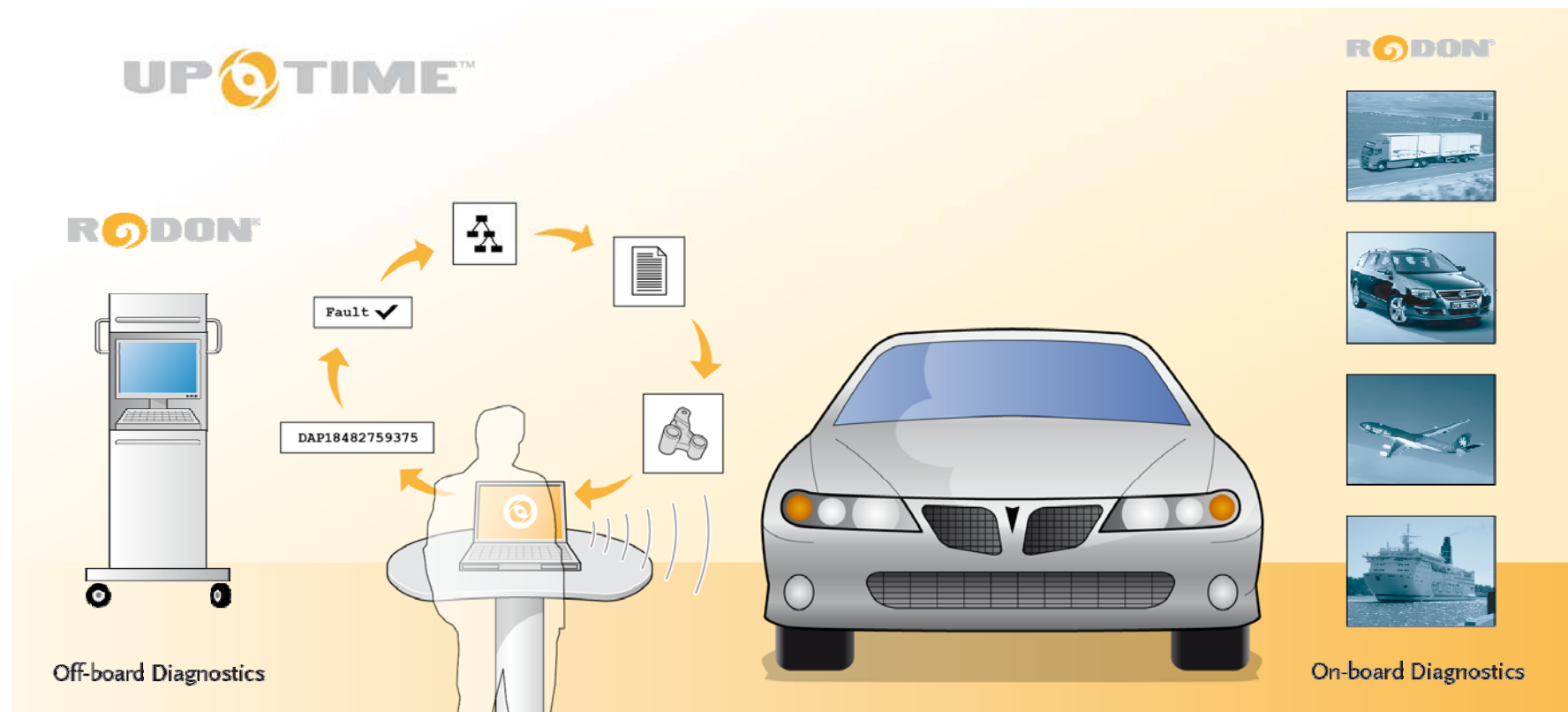




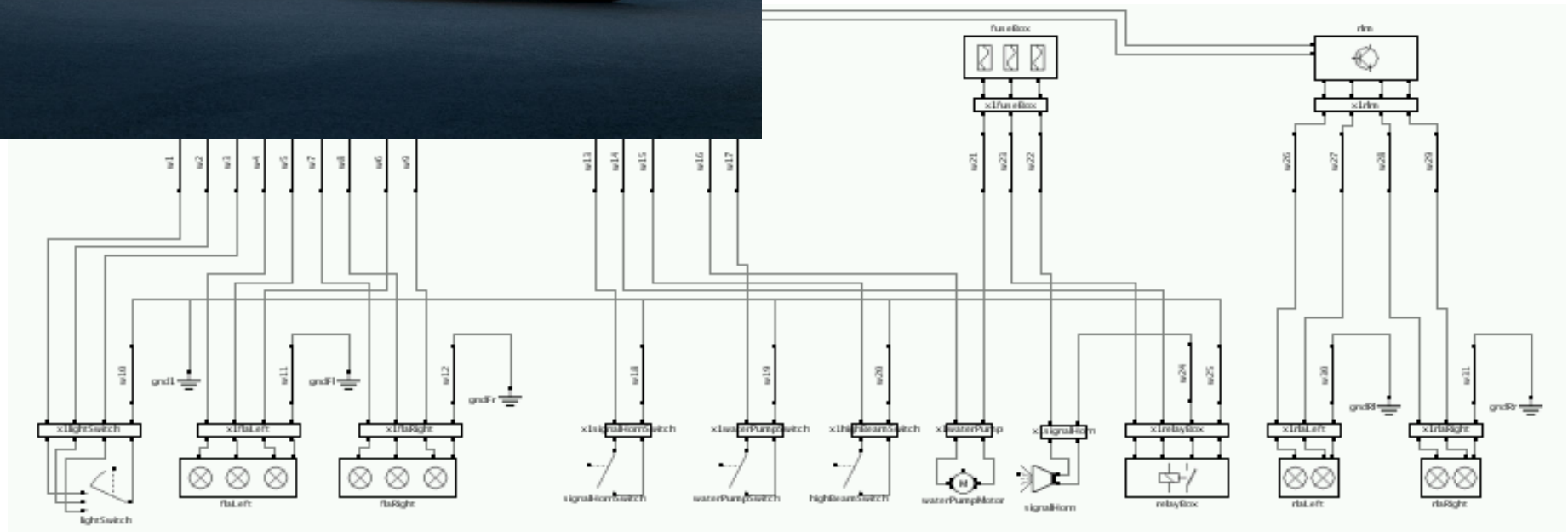
# Traditional Service Process



# Workshop Off-Board Diagnostics Scenario



# Tutorial Demo Exterior Lighting





# Model-Based Diagnosis Principles



Actual  
system



Observed  
behavior



Diagnosis

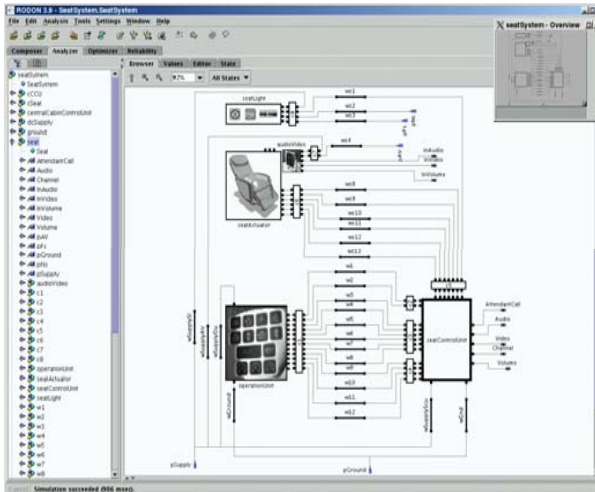


Model of the  
system

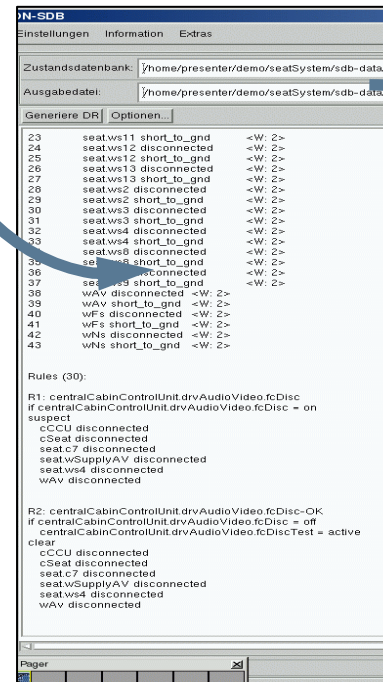
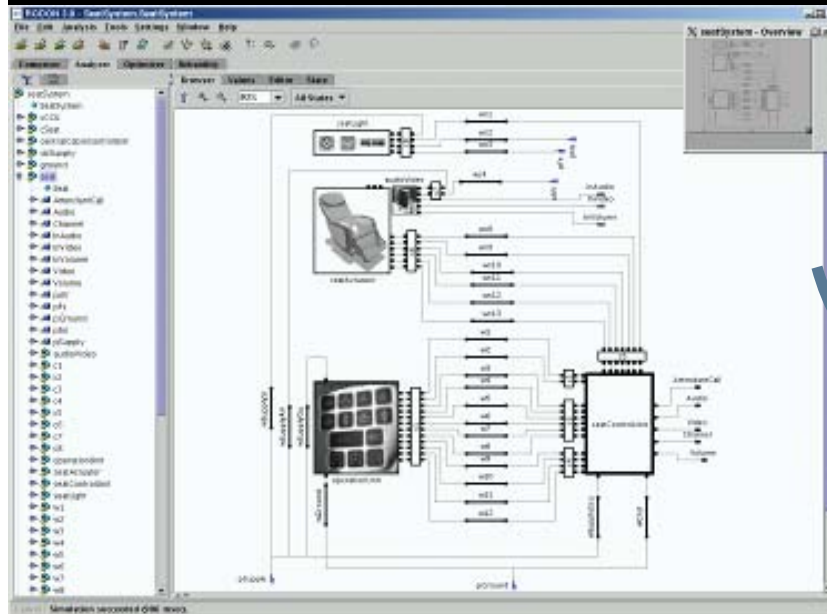


Predicted  
behavior

design  
textbook  
First principle



# Diagnostic Rules



- Generated by systematic computation
- Contains virtually all
- Root cause  $\Leftrightarrow$  symptom relationships
- Applicable in Real Time systems
- Finds single & multiple faults
- Interfaces exist to various embedded systems exist

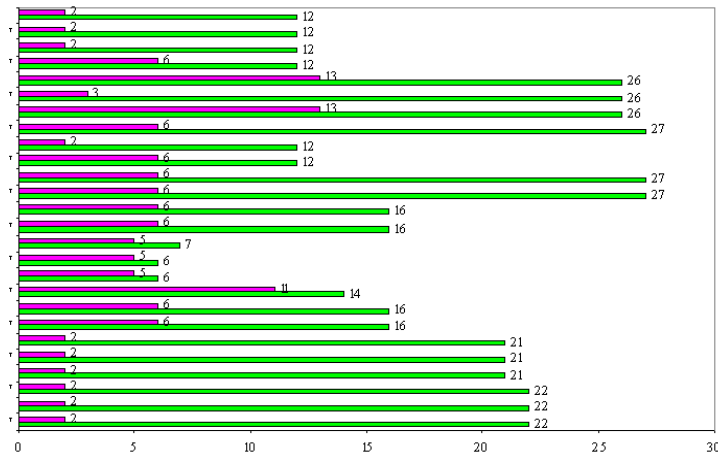
### Resources Diagnostic Engine:

- 16 Bit  $\mu$ -processor, 25 Mhz
- 118 KB Flash memory

### Resources Diagnostic Application:

- Compiled model < 2KB
- Some 20 msec time

# Diagnostics Rules



■ Usually based on self diagnosis (BITE)

■ Reduces # of candidates greatly

■ Green bars: # of candidates per DTC system (BITE)

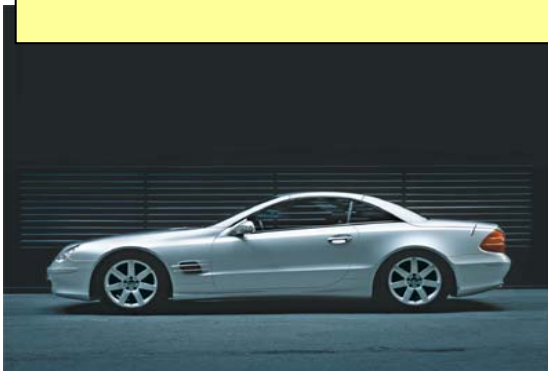
■ Purple bars: # of candidates per System Diagnosis (SD)

■ Identifies true candidates

■ Diagnostic Rules (SD) applied On Board the Mercedes-Benz SL-Class

■ Monitors some 1500 EE parts (Body)

■ Reduced effort in service bay

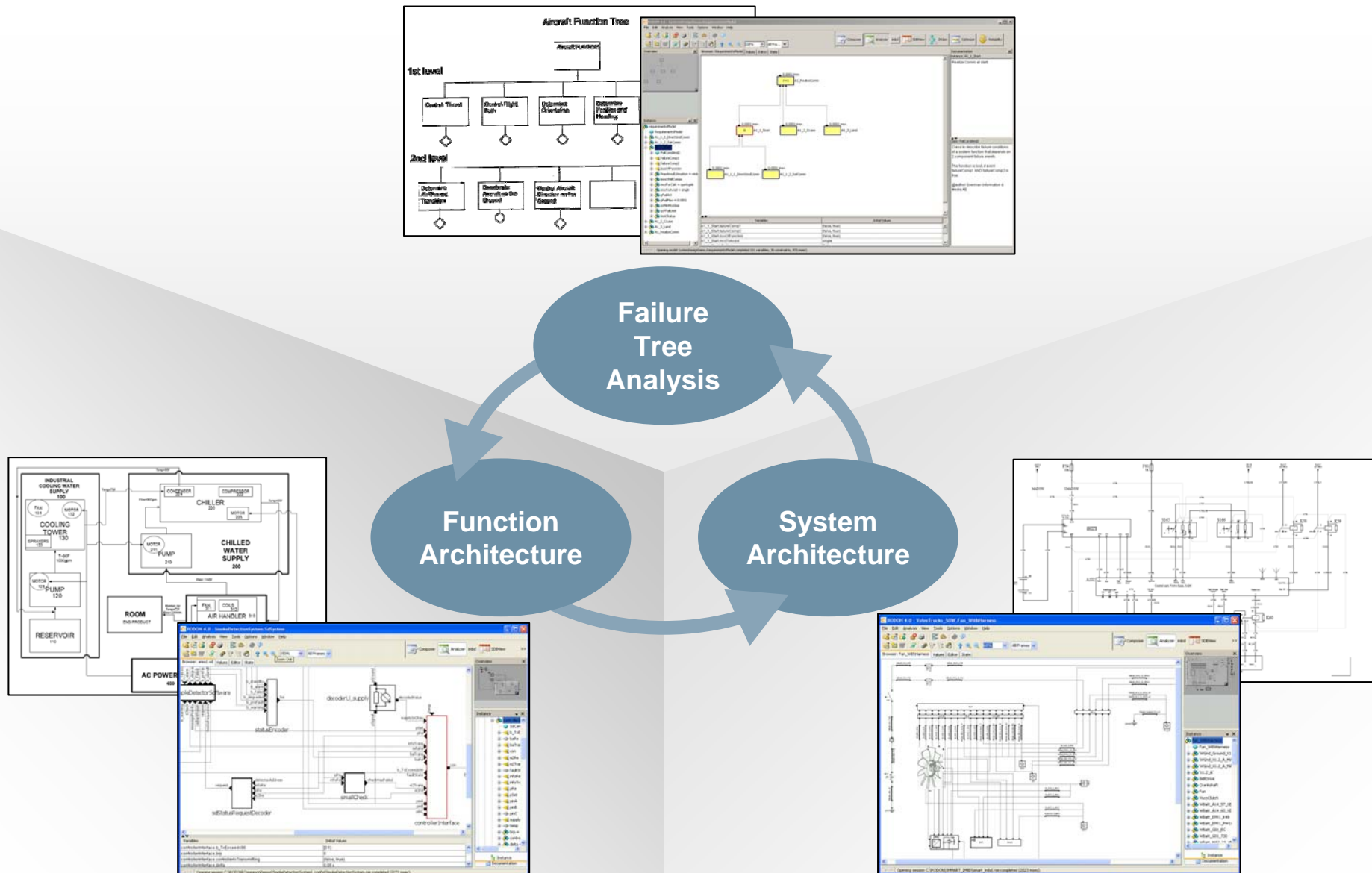


■ RODON Real Time DR Engine tested successfully in a test bench environment

■ Met all resource & diagnostic requirements



# The different views/stages in System Design



# Conclusions

- Today's challenges and trends:
  - Complexity
  - Variants
  - Info drop
- End-to-end solution from Design to Service Stations
- Model Based Design
  - Ranges from Manual authoring to Complete Model Based
  - Easy entry
  - Still Extendable
  - Future proof
  - Always with full integration of information